3.7V Lithium Polymer Battery Data Sheet

Model: 503452

Please Find More:

https://www.fpbattery.com/3-7v-5500mah-lithium-polymer-battery/

File Number: A/FP3452-12655

File Version: 01

CONTACT

CUSTOMER SERVICE
86.755.3682.7358
sales@fpbattery.com
Hours of Operation:
9:00am-6:00pm CST, Monday to Friday

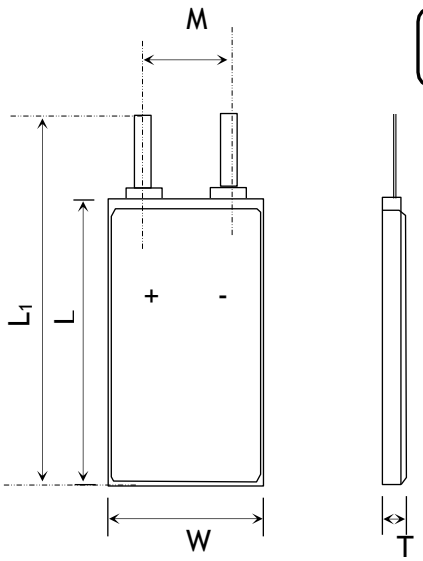
LEARN MORE ON:
https://www.fpbattery.com/

DNK POWER COMPANY LIMITED

BATTERY SPECIFICATION

Part Number	DNK 503452
Nominal Voltage	3.7 V
Nominal Capacity	885 mAh
Internal Impedence	<60mΩ
Charge Voltage	4.2V
Recommended Charge Current	0.2 C
Allowed Max Charge Current	0.5 C
Output Voltage Range	4.2 - 2.5 V
Recommended Discharge Current	0.2 C
Max Continuous Discharge Current	1 C
Pulse Discharge Current	3 C (10 mS)
Discharge Cut-off Voltage	2.5± 0.05V
Cycle Life to 80% Health	500 (0.2C, 25°C)

1 YEAR WARRANTY



Item	Parameter (mm)
T	5
W	34
M	10
L	52
L_1	54
BL	54 ± 1
CL	100

ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

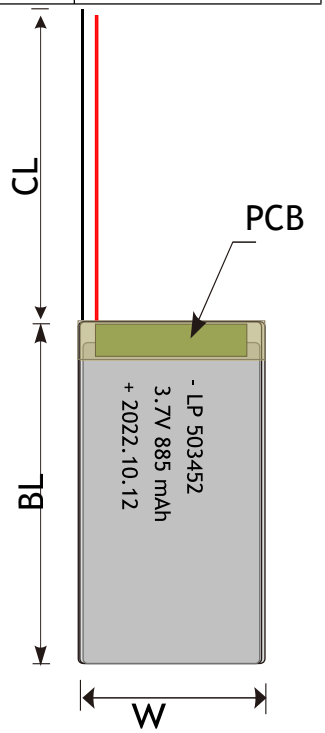
Charging Temperature Range	0 - 45°C
Discharging Temperature Range	-20 - 60°C
Storage Period 1 Week	-20 - 45°C
Storage Period 1 Month	-10 - 45°C
Storage Period 6 Months	0 - 35°C

BATTERY PROTECTION

Over Charge	4.275 ± 50mV
Over Discharge	2.5V ± 50mV
Over Current	3A to 5A
Short Circuit	Yes

MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Dimensions	54x 34 x 5 mm(L*W*T)
Weight	Around 14 g
Battery Terminals	WC/ FL *

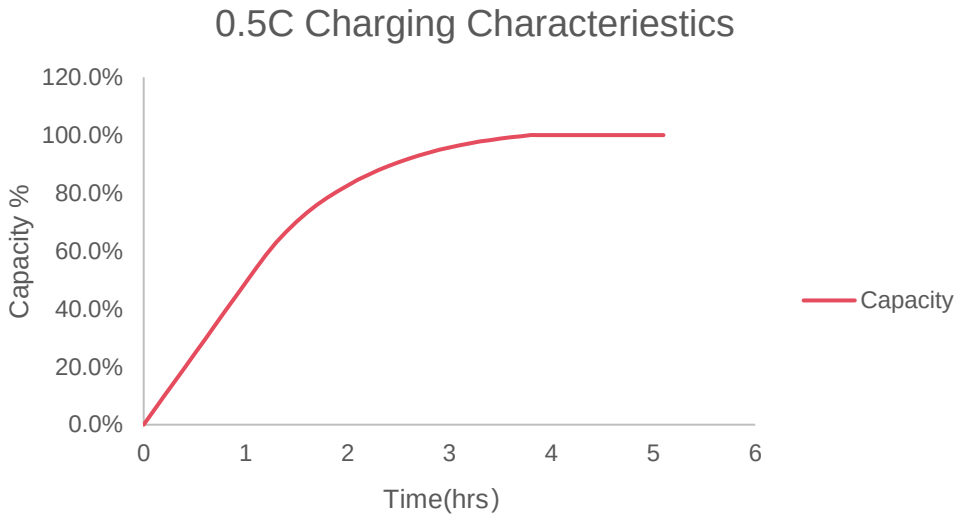


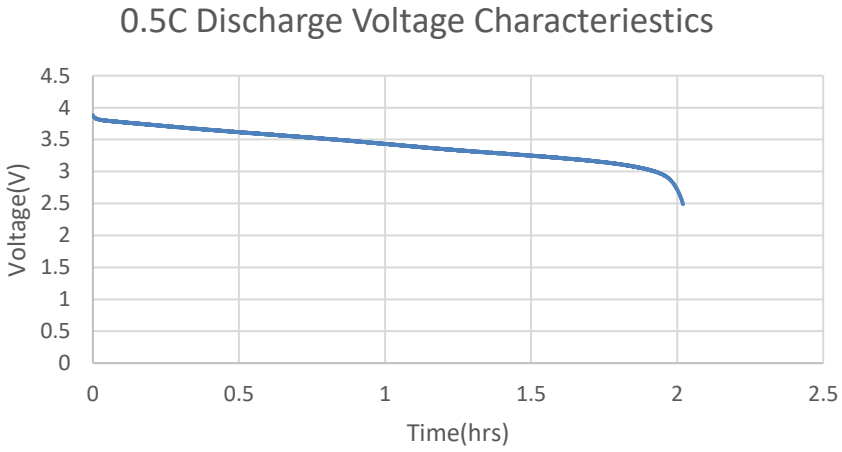
CERTIFICATION

Certification Approval	PLEASE CONSULT SALES

* WC=With Connector FL=Flying Leads UWP=Blue Wrapped PVC BWP=Black Wrapped PVC BC= Bare Cell

RELATIVE CURVES





ANNOUNCEMENT

- Charge only with an approved LiPo charger, according to the parameters for the particular battery
- Do not charge cells that have been stored in cold conditions (below 10ºC/50ºF), let them warm up (above (10ºC/50ºF), for a minimum of 60 minutes (longer is better).You risk an explosion if you attempt to use cells that have been stored at or below 0ºC (32ºF), Warm them first for at least 60 minutes (longer is better) above 10ºC (50ºF) before charging or discharging.
- Insure LiPo cell balancing cable is connected.
- Do not store your cells in a hot place (i.e. in your car on a hot day) as this may cause them to catch fire or even explode.
- Ensure that charging leads are connected correctly. Reverse charging can lead to cell damage, fire or explosion.
- Although protective electronics built into the battery should prevent overcharging, such a battery management system can fail- for example if the charger is not suitable and thus unattended charging is always a source of danger.
- Monitor storage by means of suitable fire alarm
- ALWAYS visually inspect stored Li-Ion and LiPo batteries, at a minimum, weekly.
- Never charge a battery pack that has been punctured or damaged.
- Never charge a very hot battery as this may cause an explosion or fire.
- Before starting work, remove watches, metal rings, and other metal jewelry when working with or near large batteries or power supplies. If the metal from your jewelry comes into contact with a terminal, you become part of the circuit. Effects can vary from a small electric shock to burns or even electrocution, depending on the power of the battery.